THE NATIONAL BANK RING.

Attempted Coup d'Etat-A Failure-The Secret Disclosed and Conspirators Foiled-The House to Be Treated to a Gentle Cathartic-- The Committee of Conference.

WASHINGTON, June 9, 1870. It was very clear this morning, before the House was called to order, that the national bank ring ers. Garfield and Judd were in close consultation or a short time, and afterwards were seen hurrying o and fro in a high state of excitement. The crush ing defeat of their ninety-five million dollar addi-tional subsidy bill yesterday had evidently created a lesire to try another scheme. It now turns out that he Garfield bill, No. 1,900, and the sham fight over esterday, was a ruse de guerre. The real pitched battle came off to-day. The national bank council out its skirmishers yesterday, and to-day opened upon the taxpayers from its masked bat-THE PARTICULARS.

Early in February last, bill 378, providing for \$45,000,000 additional subsidy to the national banks. passed the Senate, went to the House and was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency. On the 16th of the same month the bill got such a showing up by he HEBALD that it was hastly thrust out of sight, and did not make its appearance until to-day. The priginal plan was to get it through the House, with as few amendments as possible, and then let it go to the committee of conference, where the subsidy ears the powers of these conference committees are been very much enlarged, until they threaten

usurp the functions of both houses of Congress. The original plan was, however, apparently abanoned, and instead of reporting the Senate bill, with

The original plan was, however, apparently abandoned, and instead of reporting the Senate bill, with amendments, General Garfield reported a new bill (H. R., 1,900), providing for \$95,000,000 additional national bank subsidy. All not in the ring's secrets wondered why he reported a new bill instead of that sent from the Senate, as the former would necessarily have to take its chances again in the Senate, while the latter could be fixed up in a conference committee of five, four of whom could easily be supplied from the ring's friends.

The Secare Disclosed and conspirators Foiled. Yesterday General Garfield's House bill 1,900, which was understood by all outsiders to be offered in lieu of Senate bill 37s, was put upon its passage, and, after a hard fight, lost. Thus the matter was supposed to be ended; but to-day General Garfield attempted again to get the job through by reporting the Senate bill, as amended, for passage without an instant notice. Every one supposed that the defeated bill, and the whole subject was understood to have been disposed of.

The bill of yesterday was regularly considered in committee at the committee meeting held on the floor of the House during a period of contusion, when only a portion of the members had been notified and only a few were present. It adds not less than \$4,000,000 per annum in gold to the taxpayers' burden, and is in every respect otherwise objectionable; yet Messrs. Garfield and Judd sought to rusn it through the House under the gag rule; and would have succeeded but for the firmness and integrity of Hon. Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, who by a skifful parliamentary manceuvre got in a motion to adjorn, in spite of General Carfield's efforts to prevent it, which uttimately threw the job over to next Tuesday morning, and gave the people's representatives a little time to prepare for the contest with the minions of the national banks.

Mr. Randall deserves great credit for his patriotic firmness in to-day's contest. He was at one time surrounded by not less than h

many as possible of the same nature and rush them all through together under the whip and spur of the previous question gag rule. It has been twice tried and twice resulted in defeat. It is understood that Dr. Judd's sugar-coated blan will be tried on Tuesday next. The great central \$95,000,000 additional subsidy job will be surrounded with numerous unobjectionable and in some cases desirable minor provisions, and in that shape worked through the House, if Dessible, as a gentle cathartic.

Once through the House, the bill goes directly to the committee of conference, the favorite resort of jobs, where the subsidy can be increased, if desirable, to \$200,000,000. The ratification of the conference committee's report by both houses is an easy matter. Any hot night, when there are but a few members present, it can be pushed through without infindity.

nimearly.

It is to be hoped that the job will be killed in the
House when it comes up. As to Dr. Judd, I commend him to the tender mercles of the taxpayers of
the First Congressional district of Hilnois.

COSTA RICA.

Revolution in San Jose-Overthrow of President Jimenez-Details of the Affair-The Now Government. JAMAICA, May 25, 1870.

A revolution occurred in San José, the capital of Costa Rica, on the 27th of April, resulting in the overthrow of the government of President Jesus Jimenez, and the establishment of a new one, with Dr. Bruno Carranza at its head as Provisional

The military Emente that upset the administration of President Jesus Jimenez (commenced at the artillery barracks on the morning of the 27th April. At lery barracks on the morning of the 27th April. At about nine o'clock the gate was opened to give entrance to the cart that usually brought fodder for the norses and mules of the corps; but on that day two carts came instead of one. The last one had mine men, armed with revolvers, under the grass, who, as soon as the carts entered, at a signal given by the cartman, jumped out, rushed upon the guard, killed the officer and every man that opposed them. Thence they repaired to the quarters of the commandant of the barracks, Biscuoi, who shot the first man that entered, but the latter returned the first and blew Biscubi's brains out. The nine assailants were immediately joined by a large body of men, and they made themselves master, first of the artillery barracks, and later that of the infantry, after the firing of a few shots only. They next secured the person of Señor Jesus Jimenez, the President of the republic. In the afternoon of the same day Santiago Millet, with 400 men, came from Cartago to the relief of the government, but he was notified that if he attacked the city President Jimenez would be immediately put to death. Jimenez then ordered Millet and his force to lay down their arms, which they did, and on the following day he and all the other prisoners were set at liberty. No one has been persecuted or banished. The chief of the movement was Tomas Guardia; he had the assistance of several young men belonging to San José, among them Horacio Carranza and Victor Guardia. The new government is as follows:—Dr. Bruno Carranza, Provisional President; Guardia, Commander-in-Chief of the military forces, and Dr. Lorenzo Montufar, Secretary of Foreign Reiations. about nine o'clock the gate was opened to give

COURT CALENDA 15-THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part 2.—Before Judge Brady.—Court opens at hair-past ten A. M.—Nos. 1066, 1336, 1947, 6856, 99034, 1522, 5854, 932, 484, 1546, 23434, 1566, 1606, 1616, 336, 490, 272, 1380, 940, 1376, 1364.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Held by Judge Barnard.—Nos. 169, 112, 126, 130, 197, 229, 271, 282,

Barnard.—Nos. 109, 112, 126, 130, 197, 229, 271, 282, 283.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Part 1.—Before Judge Spencer.—Nos. 1087, 1508, 1733, 1979, 813, 1879, 1783, 1859, 333, 334, 335, 73514, 1825, 1989, 1013, 1447, Part 2.—Before Judge Barbour.—Nos. 1780, 1330, 1588, 2096, 1976, 2164, 1208, 2202, 2204, 1742, 1350, 1712, 1286, 1284, 2216, 2218.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—Part 1.—Before Judge Loew.—Nos. 185, 892, 693, 396, 138, 738, 640, 700, 1143, 298, 915, 294, 193, 194, 911, 94. Part 2.—Before Judge Coww.—Nos. 185, 1917, 938, 873, 783, 646, 518, 804, 573, 850, 885, 861, 545, 642, 1204.

MARINE COCHT—TRIAL TERM.—Part 1.—Before Judge Curtis.—Calendar called at haif-past ten A. M.—Nos. 1181, 1614, 1884, 594, 728, 1102, 1146, 1305, 1230, 1340, 1529, 1376, 1377, 1381, 1383. Part 2.—Before Judge Curtis.—Calendar called at haif-past ten A. M.—Nos. 1181, 1614, 1884, 594, 728, 1102, 1146, 1305, 1230, 1340, 1529, 1376, 1377, 1381, 1383. Part 2.—Before Judge Alker.—Nos. 673, 674, 1644, 1144, 1260, 1260, 1816, 1344, 1398, 1280, 1295, 1368, 1474, 1475.—COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Recorder Hackett.—The People vs. William McKenna, William Pease and William Dalion, arson: Same vs. Philip Brady, Bartholomew Upton and Mary McLean, felonious assault and battery: Same vs. George W. Swepson, Robert R. Swepson, Erye Hintchinson, Robert F. Hoke and Thomas J. Summer, conspiracy; Same vs. Nicholas Duggan, John Grogan, Edward Connor, Tancredo Cruz, James W. Morgan, Timottip Devine and William Joiner, grand larceny: Same vs. Philip Cantilin and Patrick Cantlin, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. Fanny Phippany, disorderly house; Same vs. William Bennett, assault and batstolen goods; Same vs. Fanny Phippany, disorderly house; Same vs. William Bennett, assault and battery; Same vs. John Wilson, larceny from the person.

YACHTING.

English Opinion of the Sappho's Challenge to

English Opinion of the Sappho's Challenge to the Cambria—"Return Matches" Offer.

[From the London News, May 30.]

Mr. Douglas, the enterprising owner of the Sappho, who, like his beautiful vessel, has been winning golden opinions since his visit to English waters, is guilantly resolved not to ret on his laurels. He is making sport for our home-staying yachtmen, and encouraging them to emulate his well won victories. With a generous fairness that deserves hearty recognition he now offers to sail the Cambria two return matches, each sixty miles to windward and back. If this were all, there would not be much to say for or against such a challenge, except that the Cambria would probably be content with the result of her recent trials under similar conditions. But the owner of the Sappho offers to give the Cambria time allowance for difference of tonnage, according to the Royal Thames Yacht Club measurement in one race, and according to the New York Yacht Club in the other. Nothing could be more handsome and considerate than these terms. The difference of tonnage measurement, according to the Royal Thames Yacht Club, is so considerable that in light weather, and perhaps even in an eight knot breeze, the Sappho could hardly hope to allow it to the Cambria without most seriously imperilling her chances of success. And in a moderate breeze, even according to the measurement tonnage of the New York Yacht Club, the difference would be nearly sufficient in a time allowance match to turn the odds in favor of the smaller craft. In a strong breeze, on a long open stretch, we should still be disposed to put our faith in the powers of the American, even against the time allowance will beat their makers."

For the sake of yachting sport both in England and America we trust that Mr. Douglas' offer will be accepted. Whitstever may be the issue of the title.

makers."

For the sake of yachting sport both in England and America we trust that Mr. Douglas' offer will be accepted. Whatever may be the issue of the trials between these two vessels it ought to aid in the solution of some nice questions, and contribute to the settlement of some interesting controversies among builders and owners and the sailing committees of the yacht clubs on either shore of the Adantic.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN.

The Messages of the Mayors.

[From the Sunday Mercury.]

On Monday last the new regame under which the affairs of this city will henceforth be administered was formally inaugurated under anapices of the most cheering character. The occasion was marked, among other thing, by a message from Mayor Hail to the Common Council, sucentry reviewing the municipal situation and impressively pointing out the duties which the change in the organization of our city government has imposed upon those responsible for the working of the machinery. This message is as hopeful in its tone as it is practical and judicious in its suggestions. It reflects the confidence of one who, taking a comprehensive survey from the height of his exaited official station of the whole field of operations, sees nothing to dishearten, but, on the contrary, everything to strengthen the pleasing anticipation that under its present rule New York will continue to grow in prosperity and develop on an apprecedented scale all the elements of greatness it possesses within itself. Very different in its character was the communication made the same day by the separate of the communication made the same day by the second of the communication made the same day by the desperate state of affairs exity. Mayor Kaloficsch's samuat budget, when presented, was evidently prepared in a spirit of despondency, provoked by the desperate state of affairs exity. Mayor Kaloficsch's samuat budget, when presented, was evidently prepared in a spirit of despondency, provoked by the desperate state of affairs exity and the communication of the review of the present state of affairs exity of the river. Unlike Mayor Hail, he sees nothing in the prospect but unceasing debt, additional taxation and which spirit and the provision of the rookly nices.

But it is when we come to figures that the contrast between how to be subject to the rest value of the provision of the few of the provision of the few of the provision of the provision of the few of the provision of the provision of the

of a gang of ring theves. From the Board of Supervisors down, this combination includes within its malign circle every department of the city government, plunder being the common bond of union. The pernicious influence of this unprincipled clique is seen and felt in every branch of the public service and is telling most injuriously upon the best interests of society in Brooklyn. Whereas here in New Rork our excellent police arrangements, the prompt conviction mour courts and exemplary punishment of offenders are having a marked effect in increasing popular respect for the law and its officers, and thus strengthening the foundations of social order, in Brooklyn the arm of justice has become paralyzed and the courts of law and the judges are rapidly failing into contempt with the people. Something like anarchy now prevails there, and unless the intelligent citizens bestir themselves and promptly hurl from power the commonants who are leeding upon the vitals of the community it is to be feared that these men will, by the course they are pursuing, drive an infuriated populace into desperate measures to obtain redress for the wrongs heaped upon them.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday General Richard Hilliard, of Cleveland, O.; E. .F. Drake, of St. Louis; Charles B. Hall and Captain G. W. James, of Boston, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Karl Formes, of Germany; Captain McMicken, of steamer Calabria; Frederick Petre, of England; R. P. Saunders, of St. Domingo; R. Stewart Clough and Juan D. Cabrera, of Spain, and Stephen M. Routh, of New Orleans, are at the New York Hotel. Captain R. F. Loper, of Stonington; H. S. Hardy, of the United States Army; L. L. Blake, of Montana, and J. H. Cutter, of Texas, are at the Astor House. C. W. Pollard, of Albany; W. P. Emerson, of Bos-

ton; General Gridley, of Illinois; L. S. Scogin, of Texas; C. J. Dangier, of Cleveland, Ohio, and F. G. Tucker, of Albany, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Professor Risely, of England; Captain A. P. Butterfield, of Cincinnati, and Dr. E. Reilly, of New Mexico, are at the St. Charles Hotel.

Professor W. W. Trowbridge, of Maine, and Major W. Foote, of Georgia, are at the St. Elmo Hotel. Colonel George E. Church, of New York; Colonel W. H. Reynolds, of Providence; C. L. Clement, of Chicago; M. Manuel, of Boston, and Valentine Gros, of Rochester, are at the Everett House.

General Sedlie, of Utica; Lieutenant Commander Woodroe, of the United States Navy; J. W. Weilens, of England; Henry D. Cooper, of Virginia; Judge Nelson, of Poughkeepsie, and J. A. Benedict, of Syracuse, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. G. H. Stewart, of Waterford; Herman Lee, of

Troy, and J. Adams, of Rochester, are at the Cole-

NEW YORK ORTHEOPÆDIC DISPENSARY.

This dispensary, designed to furnish the poor with of all kinds, of the hip and spine more especially, was incorporated by act of Legislature May 1, 1868 During the past five months, it has been steadily increasing its sphere of usefulness, as the following abstract from the report submitted to the executive committee on Thursday evening will demonstrate:-Since January 1 eighty-six new cases have been re-ceived for treatment, thirty-seven of which were hip ceived for treatment, thirty-seven of which were hip joint disease, thirty-three spinal disease (humpback), the remainder being other deformities. The thoroughness of the treatment and the importance attached to it by the patients themselves is best exemplified in the regularity and pleasure with which they attend, there naving been no less than 890 visits made by them at the dispensary since January 1, while during the same period the assistant surgeons have made 210 visits at the residences of those unable to attend. The increase in the number of patients and the proportionate increase in labor has necesstated a change in dispensary hours. Hereafter it will be open every afternoon, Saturday excepted, from one to three o'clock, and all interested in this important charity are invited to attend at the dispensary, No. 1,299 Broadway.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THE WEEK IN WALL STREET.

Wall street still watches closely the progress of the financial question in Congress, and just as the measures affect the currency and the funding of the debt are more or less prominent in each day's session the stock market shows duiness or activity. sion the stock market shows dumess or activity. The public, however, are disposed to await final action on either or both of these questions, and unless Congress adjourns before taking such final action will probably do little in the stock market despite the temptations which may be meantime held forth to invite their dealings. Hence it was that in the past week the general dulness prevailing in Wall street were the work of the clique operators in their efforts to beget activity. Although the Currency Contraction bill was killed and then brought to life again, and although the latest edition of the Funding bill was spread far and wide, the public did not become enthusiastic. They are not in the buying mood, and will not be until they can see something of what Congress intends to do. Jack-in-the-box manner in which Garfield's bill was shelved one day and bounced on the floor next day is an instance of the mutability and insta-bility of Congressional propositions. The stock market has been in the main steady, the uctuations being limited to about two per cent higher for Pacific Mail, Wabash and St. Paul; lower for the Vanderblit stocks and Erie, weak for Reading and unsettled for the Northwest shares and Rock Island. In the case of New York Central and Eric the declaration of hostilities between the two interests is shrewdly regarded as a trick to induce a short interest, particularly in Central consolidated and Central scrip. The Central party say to the public, "if you will not buy our stocks" (which the public are not doing in their wish to learn first what Congress intends) "please sell them for the your can take your sholest do as sell them for us; you can take your choice; do as you like; buy or sell." And so the freight war is begun, and the public, thinking Central and Eric are begin, and the public, thinking central and Eric are about to fight to the death, go short of the stock. When the public do nothing the cliques are powerless, of course. The cliques only ask of the public to buy "long" or sell "short." They will take care to The dulness in stocks has been due in a measure

to the weakness in gold, which during the week declined to 113%, closing at 113%. The temper of the speculation in the Gold Room has almost entrely changed. The "bulls" are few and far between, while the ranks of the "bears" are growing larger daily. The "bears" point to the glut of specie in the banks, the prospect of a prepayment this month of the \$35,000,000 July interest and the weakness of foreign Exchange. The glut of specie is easily accounted for when we reflect that the present cotton crop has given us about \$60,000,000 more gold than we had last year-that is, the crop is about 600,000 bales in excess of the supply for the corresponding period of last year. As the total crop will certainly reach 3,000,000 bales, the exports will Wright's Circular gives us the following exact ment of the movement in cotton from the 1st of Sep tember to the 4th of June:-

Receipts at the ports. 2.755,000 2,069,000 2,153,000 1,780,000 Ex. to Great Britain. 1,822,000 995,000 1,211,000 1,111,000 Ex. to other fr'in ports. 324,000 215,000 214,000 115,000 178,000 Total exports. 1,985,000 1,976,000 1,615,000 1,444,0.0 Stock on hand. 282,000 145,000 142,000 285,000 Followed as these facts are by the announce-

ment from the Bureau of Statistics at Washingto that our exports, in gold value, for the first nine dollars greater than our imports, we shall not be surprised to see gold dip below 110 before the Fourth

In the other departments of business there was steady market for governments, which were strong, rather in sympathy with the improvement in the London quotation than from any new home influence. A quarter per cent-three-eighths per cent certainly-would cover the variations during the week in the prices of the more speculative issues. active and excited, particularly the new issues, which fluctuated from 57% to 63% on a scare among the "shorts," who are reported to be very numerous, a fact which is supposed to have originally suggested a grand cornering operation.

The money market opened easy enough at three to

four per cent, with five as the exceptional rate. As the week progressed the figures became four to five per cent, with three the exception. The change is due to the cessation of the flow of currency from the interior and to a retrograde movement of slight extent. The bank statement, details of which are given below, shows that the loans have been despecie and legal tenders have fallen off three and a half millions, against a decrease in deposits of only five and a half millions. The discrepancy is due to the fact that the loans drawn in were funds left upon hypothecated stocks and bonds on which the banks were earning only four to five per cent. Those who read the bank statement each week are accustomed to think that the loans should figure in the deposits. They do not necessarily.

The money lent on stocks and bonds appears as a loan, and may or may not as a deposit. When such loan is called in it appears as a contraction, of loans but not necessarily as a decrease of deposits.

THE BANK STATEMENT. The weekly statement of the associated banks is unfavorable, in showing a loss of about three and a half millions of reserve, although as the deposits are down about five and a half millions the surplus reserve falls off only about two millions. The loss in specie is two and a half millions, reflecting the heavy payments of customs this week and the export of specie. A decrease of a million in legal tenders confirms the movement of currency to the West, to which reference was made in this column a few days since, and which was predicted from the figures of the previous statement. The decrease in deposits is made up of the loss of specie and greenbacks and the receipts of the Treasury from the internal revenue collectors. The contraction in loans seems to be due to the calling in of money lent on pledges of stocks and bonds to Wall street firms. The statement compares with its predeces

001 an 10110 11 a.		
THE US AS A STATE OF A	June 4.	June 11.
Loans		\$276,419,576
Specie	30,949,490	28,523,819
Circulation	33,285,083	33,142,188
Deposits		220,699,290
Legal tenders	61,290,310	60,159,170
The changes are in detail Decrease in loans Decrease in specie. Decrease in circulation Decrease in deposits Decrease in legal tenders.		\$3,066,158 2,425,671 142,895 5.492,507
The banks now hold \$25,2 serve required by law.	22,620 in exc	ess of the re-

LATEST PRICES OF STOCKS. The following were the final street prices of stocks Saturday evening:—Canton. 67% a 69%; Cumber-land, 41 a 42; Western Union, 33% a 33%; Quicksilver, 8 a 8½; Mariposa, 7½ a 9½; do. preferred, 16½ a 17½; Atlantic Mail, 35½ a 36; Pacific Mail, 45½ a 45%; Adams Express, 63% a 64; Wells-Pargo Express, 15% a 16%; American Express, 45 a 45%; United States Express, 45% a 45%; New York Central consolidated, 100 a 100 %; Hudson River scrip, 95 1/2 95 1/3; Harlem, 144% a 144%; Erie, 22% a 23; Reading, 107% a 107%; Michigan Central, 125 a 125%; Lake Shore, 98% a 98%; Illinois Central, 140 a 141; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 110% a 110%; Chicago and Northwestern, 84% a 84%; do. preferred, ex dividend, 90% a 90%; Rock Island, 121% a 122; Milwaukee and St. Paul, 67% a 68; do. preferred, 82% a 82%; Fort Wayne, 96% a 97%; Ohio and Mississippi, 40% a 40%; New Jersey Central, 110 a 110%; Boston, Hartford and Erie, 5% a 5%.

CLOSING PRICES OF GOVERNMENTS. The following were the latest prices of the government list:-United States currency sixes, 114 a 114%; do. sixes, 1881, registered, 114% a 114%; do. do., coupon, 1184 a 1184; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 1114 a 1114; do. do., 1862, coupon, do., 112 a 1124; do. do., 1864, do. do., 111 % a 111%; do. do., 1865, do. do., 111% a 111%; do. do., 1865, coupon, January and July, 113% a 114; do. do., 1867, do. do., 114 a 114%; do. do.,

1868, do. do., 114 a 114%; do. ten-forties, registered, 108% a 108%; do. do., coupon. 108% a 108%.
THE COURSE OF THE GOLD MARKET.

during the week were as follows:-

Wednesday 11334	113 %
Thursday 11314	11334
Friday 113%	113%
Saturday 11334	11314
THE SPECIE MOVEMENT.	100000
The following is a detailed report of the st	
ported from New York during the week end	ing June
11, 1870:	
June 6-Steamer Tybee, Porto Plata-	E 1978
American silver	\$2,950
June 7—Steamer Silesia, Paris—Gold bars.	
June 7-Steamer Silesia, London-Gold	214,618
bars Steamer Shesia, London-Gold	*** 000
June 7—Steamer Silesia, Hamburg—Ameri-	117,000
can gold and stires	6,000
can gold and sliver.	
June 8-Schooner Elizabeth de Hart, Ar-	5,100
POVO American cultura	
royo-American silver	10,000
Cayes—American silver	7 000
American gold	1,000
American gold June 9—Ship Hanover, London—Gold bars	2,000
June 11-Steamer City of Brussels, Liver-	98,000
pool Pritish gold	
June 11—Steamer Weser, London—Ameri-	14,625
can gold	
Foreign allvor	57,756
Foreign silver. June 11—Steamer Weser, Paris—Foreign	62,925
allear weser, Paris-Foreign	
sliver. June 11—Steamer Weser, Bremen—Foreign	6,000
silver	
June 11-Steamer Ville de Paris, Havre-	8,650
Gold bars	
Silver bars	160,600
Direct date	81,500
Total	1000
Previously reported 1	\$843,824
retrousing reported	8,463,588
Total since January 1, 1870	4 00m 440
Same time 1869.	4,307,412
Same time 1868	4,046,625
Same time 1867	2,195,493
Same time Isss	2,497,436
Same time 1866	3,712,795
Same time 1865 1	7,546,908
THE IMPORTS OF THE WEEK.	(2.86 1)

THE IMPORTS OF THE WEEK. The imports other than dry goods and specie at the port of New York from foreign ports for the veek ending June 10, 1870, were \$3,417,005.

The following is a comparative statement of the imports of foreign dry goods at New York during the past week and since the beginning of the year:—

The total imports at this port for the past week amount to \$4,785,471, against \$5,635,850 for the cor-

New York for the		mpare as follows:	_
Week ending	Total.	Week ending	Total.
June 11\$4	,785,471	March 19	4,928,952
	,022,961	March 12	7,166,248
May 28 3	,616,503	March 5	7,532,052
	,646,173	February 28	6,305,186
	5,252,126	February 19	4,075,399
	,202,203	February 12	
April 30 7	,438,520	February 5	
April 23 7	,150,130	January 29	
April 16 6	423,478	January 22	
April 9 6	,833,731	January 15	
April 2 5	,852,712	January 8	
	,721,060		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	MIRATE I	ANTRONO	

The following named gentlemen were on the 8th instant elected directors of the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad:-George H. Cramer, George B. Warren, Joseph M. Warren, John A. Griswoid, William Howard Hart, Troy; Benjamin E. Bates, Boston; Cornelius Vanderbilt, LeGrand B. Cannon, William H. Vanderbilt, Thomas Dickson, Abial A. Low, George Talbot Olyphant, J. Pierpont Morgan, New York. At a subsequent meeting of the board the following officers were elected:—President, George H. Cramer; Vice President, Joseph M. Warren; Executive Committee, the President, LeG. B. Cannon, William H. Vanderbilt.

The Executive Committee of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company awarded to-day the contract for the construction of the Minnesota division of the road, 230 miles in length, extending from the dalles of the St. Louis river westward to the Red river of the North. The contractors are old experienced railroad builders and heavy capitalists. The entire work is to be completed by July 1, 1870. The committee have also contracted for 20,000 tons of rails and the iron appendages necessary, and the engines, cars, &c., requisite for the work.

THE SUB-TREASURY REPORT The following shows the results of to-day's business at the Sub-Treasury in this city:-General balance yesterday\$86,222,512
 General balance yesterday
 \$86,222,512

 Gold receipts
 508,784

 Gold payments
 1,365,176

 Gold balance
 75,923,514

 Currency receipts
 875,328

 Currency payments
 447,456

 Currency balance
 11,010,945

 General balance
 87,923,651

 Customs
 305,000

\$1,290,000 of cancelled gold certificates were sent to Washington. has tendered his resignation, to take effect July 1, at which time he will enter upon his new duties as one

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

of the judges of the new Court of Appeals.

SATURDAY, June 11-6 P. M. SATURDAY, June II - 6 P. M.

COPPER.—The market for Rio was quiet, and we heard of
no further sales. Prices were steady at yesterday's quotations. Other kinds were dull, but unchanged. We quote:—
Rio—Ordinary cargoes, 14%c. a 15c.; fair do., 15%c. a 15%c.; Rio—Ordinary cargoes, 143c. a 15c.; fair do., 154c. a 155c.; good do., 164c. a 164c.; prime do., 17c. a 175c.; extrémesfor lots, 144c. a 18c.; Java, 20c. a 22c.; Singapore, 18c. a 19c.; Ceylon, 175c. a 19c.; Maracaibo, 165c. a 19c.; Laguayra, 165c. a 185c.; Jamaica, 15c. a 165c.; Costa Rica, 16c. a 20c.; Manila, 16c. a 17c.; Mexican, 15c. a 18c., and Savanilla, 155c. a 18c., all gold, duty paid.

a 18c., all gold, duty paid.

COTTON.—The market for this staple was very quiet, and prices were heavy, though not quotably lower. The sales were confined to 273 bales, of which 149 were for spinning, 107 for export and 26 on speculation. The business in ruture deliveries was only moderate. Sales 200 bales, basis low

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 8,209 bbls. flour, 475 bags corn meat, 117,315 bushels wheat, 53,211 do. corn, 20,779 do.
oats, 8,000 do. rye and 520 do. malt. Flour was in active de-
mand and firmer, some lots bringing 10c. a 15c. more; the
demand was almost wholly for low extras, however, and
other kinds were unchanged; the sales were about 15,100
other kinds were unchanged; the sales were about 15,000
bbis., including extra State, for shipment, at from \$5.75 to \$6.10 on the spot and to arrive up to the 15th of July. South-
to to on the spot and to arrive up to the 15th of July. South-
ern flour was quiet, but firm; the sales were 600 bbls. Rye
flour was steady, with a moderate demand, the sales being
300 bbls. Corn meal was dull, but unchanged; we heard of
no sales. We quote:-
No. 2 State
Superime State 5 10 a 5 30
Exira State 5 76 a 6 00
Choice do 6 25 a 6 50
Superfine Western 5 10 x 5 30
Extra do 5 50 a 6 00
Extra Minnesota 5 50 a 6 50
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands 5 40 a 5 75
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands 5 75 a 6 75
St. Louis low extra 5 75 a
st. Louis straight extra 6 00 a 6 50
St. Louis choice double extra 7 00 a 7 50
St. Louis choice family 7 50 a 9 50
Southern choice and family 6 50 a 10 25
Southern superfine 5 50 s 6 00
Rye flour 4 90 a 6 80
Corn meal, city 500 a -
Corn meal, Jersey 525 a
Corn meal, Brandywine 5 75 a
-Wheat was in fair demand for export to continental Eq-
rope, and an advance of 2c per bushel was paid, mainly for
lots to arrive next week; but at the close the market was dell

Wheat was in tair demand for export to continental En rope, and an advance of E. per bushet was paid, mainly fo lots to arrive next week; but at the close the market was dul and the advance lost, closing at about \$1.3. for choice Mi wankee. The sales (part last evaning) were about 150,00 bushes—to-day's transactions at \$1.315, a \$1.25 for No. spring; \$1.325, a 1.34 for No. 2 Milwaukee, to arrive; \$1.327 is 1.35 for do. on the spot; \$1.45 for Southern Hillinois winter is store. \$1.45 a \$1.45 for amber winter; \$1.475, for small lot do. No. 1 spring was nominally \$1.37 delivered, although higher price was at one time bid. The first sample of Southern Hillinois winter of the same winter; \$1.475, for small lot do. No. 1 spring was nominally \$1.37 delivered, although higher price was at one time bid. The first sample of Southern Hillinois winter winest caps of 1570 was exhibited on 'Change to day by Mr. S. sanderson, and sold to Jewell Bro day by Mr. S. sanderson, and sold to Jewell Bro day by Mr. S. sanderson, and sold to Jewell Bro J. Nathewson's wheat has been therefore the same of the new crop offered in this market. Corn was in fast demand and steady, with sales of good new mired mainly a \$1.05, including small iots choice high mixed at \$1.05 a \$1.05 and \$1.05 a \$1.05. The sales were about \$0,000 bushels at \$1.5 and \$1.05 a \$1.05 and \$1.05 and \$1.05 a \$1.05 and \$ naphtha, and a bark to the Audier solar were reported except icum, on private terms.

GUNNES were dull, and no sales were reported except 2,000 rolls domestic at \$15pc. a 25c. We quote:—Cloth, 30-5c. a 31c., and bags, 225pc. a 25pc. Hors.—The market was extremely quiet but steady, at 10c. a 25c. for common to choice lots. No sales of consequence

Hors.—The market was envioused a 22c. for common to choice lots. No sales of consequence were reported.

HEMP was still dull and prices were entirely nominal, at 14 kc., gold, for Manila, 5 kc. a 5 kc., do., for jute. 12c. a 12 kc., do., for Sisal, and 7c. a 7 kc., do., for Tampleo, in bond.

Hay—There was only moderate demand, and prices were heavy; the receipts were fair. We quote:—shipping, 78c. a 50c.; retail lots, 50c. a \$1 lo; long rye straw, \$1 a \$1 lo; short do, 85c.

Molasses.—The market was moderately active and prices

were steady, except for the low grades, which were heavy. Sales 500 hhdz. Cuba muscovado at Bec. We quote: The extreme fluctuations daily in the price of gold Highest, Lougest,

winter was quoted at \$1.25 a \$1.27%. Other kinds were unchanged.

Phoytetions.—Receipts, 154 bbis. pork, 74 packages cut meats, 20 bbis. lard. The market for pork was dell, there being bills little demand, and prices were heavy and lower. closuing at about \$30.50 for wholesale lots new meas on the span and span and the span and span and span and span and span and spa

Rice.—Carolina was alow of sale, but the supply being small prices were firm. Small sales were made at \$10.0 a.

Rice.—Carolina was alow of sale, but the supply being small prices were firm. Small sales were made at \$10.0 a.

Braken.—The demand was light but full prices were asked. Common to choice quoted at \$2.75 a. \$2.30, gold, duty paid, without transactions. We quote:—Clover, 14c. a 14.9c. and tmothy \$7.25 a. \$7.60.

BUGAR.—Raw was active, the demand being chiefly from redners and the market was steady, the sales being upon a basis of \$9.0c. a \$10.0 huis., part at \$9.0c. a 10c. for Cuba and Porto Rico. Redned was steady at our last quotations, with a moderate were 1,700 bhis., part at \$9.0c. a 10c. for Cuba and Porto Rico. Redned was steady at our last quotations, with a moderate demand. We quote:—Cuba—Inferior to common resining, \$5.0c. a \$10.0c. fair to good fair refining, \$10.0c. a \$10.0c. prime to choice grocery, 19.5c. a 10.9c.; canting all hids, and boxes, \$2.0c. a \$10.0c. prime to choice grocery, 19.5c. a 10.9c.; canting at \$10.0c. a \$10.0

STATISTICS OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

Mr. Edward Young. Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, furnishes the following synopsis of monthly report No. 9, now in press. The values of the imports and re-exports are given in specie, and those the domestic exports in mixed currency:-

Month Ending	Imports.	Domestic Exports.	Foreign Exports.
March Sl, 1870 March 31, 1889 Nine mouths ended	\$45,991,528 50,249,494	\$51,113,870 31,608,142	\$2,672,565 3,310,148
March SI, 1870	288,304,335	276,302,107	23,492,351
March St. 1869	303,535,818	295,795,117	15,994,358

Proportion of the foregoing shipped in American

Vessels.	Imports.	Domestic Exports.	Foreign Exports.	
American	\$104,214,511	\$185,793,293	\$9,890,979	
	229,089,834	240,508,814	18,601,872	
NINE MONTHS	ENDED MA	Ren 31, 1869		
American	\$110,904,321	\$99,457,555	\$9,831,373	
	192,631,497	196,387,569	6,092,965	

The gold value of the domestic exports for the nine months ended March 31, 1870, is \$311,848,198, which, added to the exports of foreign merchandise (\$23,492,351), exceeds the imports (\$333,304,335) for the same period by \$2,636,214. For the nine months

(\$23,402,501), exceeds the imports (\$333,504,535) for the same period by \$2,636,214. For the nine months ended March 31, 1869, the imports showed an excess of \$59,113,319.

The value of foreign commodities remaining in the warehouses of the United States March 31, 1870, was \$53,491,252, against \$40,657,834 March 31, 1869.

Among the principal articles on the free list imported during the nine months ended March 31, 1870, were:—Gold coin, \$9,822,605; silver coin, \$10,530,507; rags for the manufacture of paper, \$2,413,133; raw slik, \$1,900,722.

The following were the principal dutiable articles:—Live animals, \$4,020,294; barley, \$4,508,537; bituminous coal, \$912,268; coffee, \$11,173,398; manfactures of cotion, \$18,468,431; chemicals, drugs and dyes, \$5,031,609; earthen, stone and china ware, \$3,360,333; fancy goods, \$3,174,574; flax and manufactures of, \$13,466,233; Iruits, \$5,020,809; hides and skins other than furs, \$10,187,125; iron and steel manufactures of leather, \$5,047,994; provisions and tallow, \$3,788,109; silk and manufactures of, \$1,3405,23; iron and steel manufactures of leather, \$5,047,994; provisions and tallow, \$3,788,109; silk and manufactures of, \$6,555,565; medasses, \$7,470,329; tea, \$9,081,243; tin and manufactures of, \$6,474,009; wines, spirits and cordials, \$7,368,561; wood and manufactures of, \$6,558,228; wood and manufactures of, \$6,558,228; wood and manufactures of, \$6,558,228; wood and manufactures of, \$23,991,427.

The value of the principal articles of domestic production or manufacture, exported during the same period, were as follows:—Agricultural implements, \$607,985; ilve animals, \$821,272; wheat, \$37,566,234;

duction or manufacture, exported during the same period, were as follows:—Agricultural implements, \$607,985; live animals, \$821,272; wheat, \$37,56.248; wheat flour, \$16,586,174; coal, \$993,119; raw cotion, \$172,482,087; gold bullion, \$8,360,601; gold coin, \$10,731,918; silver buillou, \$9,040,615; muskets, pistols, rifles and sporting guns, \$4,165,463; refined petroleum, \$21,694,600; bacon and hams, \$6,312,599; cheese, \$7,181,640; lard, \$4,755,612; tailow, \$3,134,917; leaf tobacco, \$16,601,773; wood and manufactures of, \$9,997,862.

The value of the principal articles of foreign production and manufacture exported were:—Gold coin, \$4,214,847; silver coin, \$7,348,704; raw jute and other grasses, \$77,275; leather, \$99,963; optum and extract of, \$525,233; provisions and tailow, \$1,675,298; silk and manufactures of, \$407,035.

Number and tonnage of American and foreign vessels entered into and cleared from the ports of the United States, engaged in the foreign trade, during the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months ended March 31, 1870, as compared with the nine months e

Vessels.	Entered.		Cleared.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
American	7,264 13,946	2,440,784 4,21.,167	7,197 14,042	2,496,417 4,172,445
Total	21,210	6,652,951	21.22	6,667,862
NINE MONTHS E	NDED I	MAROH 31	, 1869.	
American	6,975 12,160	2,432,638 3,804,151	6,882 13,069	2,494,878 3,744,087
Total	20,127	6,236,789	19.951	6.168.460

A \$10,700 BOND ROBBERY.

W. H. Hoar, who has just arrived from Chile South America, yesterday reported at the Central Police Office the details of a robbery perpetrated upon him. It seems that on Thursday last he drew from a banking house in Chicago \$10,000 in fivetwenty bonds, a few moments before starting for this city. Proceeding to the Sherman House he found his baggage in the office ready for shipment. Stepping one side in the rotunda he drew out the envelope containing the bonds, put in with them \$700 in currency, and turning to his valise, then in \$700 in currency, and turning to his valise, then in charge of the porter, opened it and deposited the envelope and contents therein. He proceeded direct to the cars, keeping the valise in his own possession. The following night, on retiring, he placed the valise in his berth, and he avers, with the exception of white he slept, it was not a moment out of his sight. On arriving in this city Saturday he discovered that the bonds had been extracted. It is probable that he was followed from the banking house to the hotel and the train by a thief, who opened the valise with a false key while he slept. Mr. Hoar is a partner of one of the United States Consuls in Chile and has lost by this robbery nearly all his worldly possessions.

ANOTHER RIG WHISKEY SUIT.—In the United States District Court, yesterday morning, District Attorney Bateman, on behalf of the United States, entered suit against William Harries and Joseph B. Huston, of Dayton, for the recovery of \$500,060. It is claimed that these parties defrauded the government of that amount of money by the non-payment of tax on 125,000 gallons of distilled spirits, manufactured at their establishment in Lockville, Montgomery county, between the 1st day of July, 1867, and the 1st day of July, 1868, which was removed and sold by them in violation of the Revenue law. Harries and Huston are well known among the whiskey manufacturers of the Third district—being the most extensive dealers in that locality—and it is said that some first class developments will be made if their case is ever brought to trial. It is intimated that several other highly important cases are soon to be commenced by the District Attorney.—Cincinnati Inquirer, June 9. ANOTHER RIG WHISKEY SUIT .- in the United

Shepherd, by the Nev. C. Cameron, Mr. OHARLES WILLIAM HUBER to M. 68 EMILIS AUGUSTA ANNERS. MYERS-HART.—On Wednesday, June 8, by the Rev. J. J. Lyons, Theol. 68 W. Myers to Rosalis, cidest daughter of the lat. Benjamin S. Hart, of this city.

Died.

Ackerman.—On Saturday, Jun. 2 11, Mary W., wife of Peter C. Ackerman.

The relatives and friends are ra pectfully invited to attend the funeral from her broat her's residence, 30 Muberry piace. Newark, N. J., 1015 (Monday) afternoon, at half-past three o'clock.

Birdsall.—In Brooklyn. on Sunday, Ja ne 12, after a short illness, Thomas W. Birdsall., in the Sist year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are Yespectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his half residence, 188 Washington street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, at three o'clock.

Cartan.—On Saturday, June 11, Thomas M. Cartan, aged 2 years, 4 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, No. 102 itemsen street, near Ewen street, Williamsburg, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

County Wexford (Ireland) papers please copy.

Com.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., on Sunday, June 12, Mrs. Levy C. Cong. daughter of Samuel Anness, of Stamford, Cono.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Methodist Episcopal church, Haverstraw, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock. Stamboat leaves foot of Barrison street every morning at eight o'clock.

Dermonico.—On Saturday, June 11, Constanting Dermonico, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family and those of his brothers are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday morning, at ten o'clock, Norice,—The members of the Societa Ticinese of Mutuo Soccorso are hereby invited to attend the funeral of its late member, Constating Delmonico, on Taesday, 14th hist., at the aout and place mentioned in the notice given by the family of the decased.

A. Cusa, Secretary, W. P. Mold, President.

Duffy.—Suddenin, on Saturday, June 11, Susaw Ann, beloved wife of Peter Duffy, aged 40 years, 2 months and 25 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 98 Eighth

and Fitty-eighth streets, on Tuesday alternoon, as two o'clock.

FROST.—At Flushing, L. L., on Saturday, June 11, Isaac C., son of the late Isaac C. and Catherine L. Frost, aged 21.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. George's church, on Tuesday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock. Trains leave Hunter's Point at 1:30 and 2:30 P. M. Boats leave James slip thirty minutes and Thirty-tourth street ferry fifteen minutes ocfore, to meet trains.

GIBNEY.—On Saturday, June 11, John Gibney, a native of the county Westmeath, Ireland, in the 63th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his nephews, Daniel, Thomas and John Gioney, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother-in-law, John Fitzsimmons, 30 Sackett street, South Brooklyn, this (Monday) after noon, at two o'clock. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cometery.

GROODY.—On Saturday, June 11, Mrs. Elizabeth Groody, wife of Michael Groody, aged 35 years, 2 months and 22 days.

She is gone, another angel now inhabits Heaven, another scraph Harps it tune anew. To the bright spirits another life is given.

She is gone; sweet wife, adieut

Harps it tune anew. To the bright spirits another life is given.

She is gone; sweet wife, adieu!

The relatives and friends and the members of Eastern Star Lodge are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at rifty-third street Eaptist church, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, on Monday afternoon, at half-past two o clock.

HAVICAN.—On Saturday, June 11, CHARLES HAVICAN, son of James and Bridget Havican, aged 1 year, 8 months and 16 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 242 East Forty-seventh street, corner Second avenue, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'ctock.

Second avenue, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

HAY.—On Saturday, June 11, Robert HAY, engraver, aged 42 years; born in Paisiey, Scotland.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 148 West Twenty-fourth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock. The deceased for the last twenty-two years has been in the employ of J. N. Gimbrede.

HEFFERNEN.—On Sunday, June 12, ELIZABSTW HEFFERNEN.—On Sunday, June 12, ELIZABSTW The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from Second avenue, near Seventy-fifth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

KENNEY.—MARY, wife of James Kenney, of Straduff, parish of Mishal, county Carlow, Ireland, in the 46th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family will please attend the funeral, from her late residence, 225 West Forty-second street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

KUCHING.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 12.

attend the funeral, from her late residence, 325 West Forty-second street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

KITCHING.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 12, EMELINE M., daughter of George and the late Emeline Kitching.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, Clinton avenue, near De Kalb avenue, on Tuesday atternoon, at three o'clock.

MARTIN.—At Rockbridge, Yonkers, on Saturday, June 11, ELIZABETH A., wife of Edward Martin.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at St. John's church, Yonkers, on Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock. Trains leave Hudson River Railroad depot, Thirtieth street, at 11:50 A. M. Carriages at depot.

Troy and Lansingburg papers please copy.

MECINERY.—On Sunday, June 12, after a short and severe illness, William MEGINLEY, aged 29 years.

Funeral service will take place on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, at St. Paul's Methodist church, Sixth street, Jersey City. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

MERCEY.—On Saturday, June 11, James MERCEY, in the 71st year of his age.

in the 71st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 73 Second place, Brooklyn, this (Monday) afternoon,

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 73 Second place, Brooklyn, this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

Miles.—On Saturday, Jone 11, Isaber, Stuart, infant daughter of William A. and Victorine W. Miles.
Funeral from the residence of her parents, 314
East Eighteenth street, this (Monday) morning, at eleven o'clock.

Morehead and daughter of M. R. and R. D. Munn. agod 23 years, 5 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thesday afternoon, at three o'clock, from 108 Mechanic street, Newark, N. J.

McGoverns.—On Sunday, June 12, Hannah McGoverns.—On Sunday, June 12, Hannah McGoverns.—On Sunday, June 12, Hannah McGoverns, daughter of John and Elizabeth McGovern, aged 8 years, 10 months and 27 days.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Fifth avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets, South Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, Her remains will be interred in Fiat bush Cemetery.

McGrane.—On Saturday, June 11, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, James McGrane, a native of county Louth, Ireland, aged 64 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 33 East Fifty-second street, corner of Madison avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Baltimore and Richmond papers please copy.

McNabe.—On Sunday, June 12, David, youngest son of David and Eilen McNabb, in the 21st year of his age.

Baltimore and Richmond papers please copy.

McNabl.—On Sunday, June 12, Davin, youngest son of David and Ellen McNabl, in the 21st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the late Company C, Fourth regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 719 Washington street.

OLIVER.—At Marsetlles, France, on Tuesday, May 17, Mrs. D. J. OLIVER, of San Francisco, Cal., daughter of Mrs. Sarah McGlynn, ot this city.

There will be a solemn requiem mass at St. Stephen's church, East Twenty-eighth street, this (Monday) morning, at half-past ten o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

PENDLETON.—At Hyde Park, Dutchess county, on June 10, Frances Maria, wildow of Edmund H. Pendleton, in the soth, year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, at St. James' church, Hyde Park, on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock noon. Carriages will be at the stalion to meet the eight o'clock morning train from New York.

PRESPON.—In Brooklyn, on Sanday morning, June 12, Sarah Mark Stebeins, wife of William S. Preston, in the 42d year of her age.

Funeral services at her residence, 430 Henry street, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, and at the Cathedral, Albany, Wednesday morning. Relatives and friends of the family and those of her uncles, G. N. Stebbins and E. B. Smith, are respectfully invited to attend without further notice,

Schilling.—On Saturday, June 11, after a short liness, John Henry, only child of John A. and the late Mary A. Schilling, aged 1 year, 11 months and First avenue, New York city, Brugadler General Williams. Persidence, corner of Eighty-fourth street and First avenue, New York city, Brugadler General William Seebach.—On heart disease, on Friday, June 10, at his residence, corner of Eighty-fourth street and First avenue, New York city, Brugadler General of Subsistence on Governor's room, City Hall, to

SETFLE.—On Saturday morning, June II. EDITH STARR, only daughter of William and Mary E. Settle, aged 4 years and 1 month.

Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's church, corner Lafayette place and Great Jones street, this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past four o'clock. The remains will be taken to Danbury, Conn., for interments.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

Howland-Lugar.—On Thursday, June 9, by the Rev. Dr. Joseph P. Thompson, assisted by Rev. James D. Wilson, at the residence of the bride's parents, William Wallace Howland to Addie Lugar.—Annerr.—At the Church of the Good

Howler.—Annerr.—At the Church of the Good

ment.

Sheridan,—On Sunday, June 12, Mrs. Nicholas Sheridan, in the 53d year of her age.

The friends of the failty are requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 208 Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to St. James Cathedral, Jay street.

Wreath.—On Sunday, June 12, Mrs. Nicholas Sheridan, in the 53d year of her age.

The friends of the failty are requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 208 Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to Inches and Inches Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral, Jay Street, Brooklyn, at nine o'clock, on Tucaday morning, from Herica to James Cathedral,